Ending
the
HIV
Epidemic

# Marion County, Indiana

## **DATA COLLECTION**



#### **Marion County EHE Plan 2021-2025**

#### **Methodology and the Planning Process**

The planning process was led by a **47-person Task Force** with extensive community representation. Data collection included:

- Review of the Marion County **Epidemiologic Profile**.
- Presentations by **4 cities** who have made progress in ending the HIV epidemic in their communities.
- Individual interviews with **52 stakeholders** within Marion County. The interviewees included those traditionally included in the HIV services arena as well as others who work in support services, faith-based communities, and organizations that address social determinants of health.
- **26 focus groups with 120 participants**, with a broad cross-section of provider groups, people with lived experience, and people in at-risk populations.
- A survey of providers receiving HIV-related funding services included a total of **37 organizations**, with a significant outreach aiming to engage nearly all providers, including several potential new providers.
- The largest HIV survey in the known history of HIV work in Marion County. This anonymous survey was completed by **880 individuals in EHE priority populations** via electronic distribution through social media channels and in-person distribution through service providers and faith communities.



#### **Marion County EHE Plan 2021-2025**

#### **Common Themes Across All Data Collection Points**

- Focus on the social determinants of health and mental health that impact HIV diagnosis and treatment. Increase interagency collaboration through open communication and shared resources.
- Build cultural competency among care coordinators, providers, service workers and the doctors and nurses within the hospitals serving the community.
- Address systemic racism and inequities in systems including health care, education, work force development, and criminal justice.
- Increase awareness of the HIV epidemic across various targeted audiences.
- Improve sexual health education available within K-12 schools.
- Promote condom use/safe sex and increased testing as the top two ways to decrease HIV infections.

# Ending the HIV Epidemic

# Marion County, Indiana

# **Survey Results**

880

**Qualified Survey Responses** 

# **Survey Distribution & Methodology**

- Anonymous
- English and Spanish
- Electronic and Hard Copy
- August and September
- Online Promotion (518 responses)
  - o Facebook
  - Instagram
  - o Twitter
  - Google Search
  - Google Display
  - o YouTube
  - TikTok
  - Grindr
  - Jack'd
  - Scruff
  - Programmatic (50M+ sites and apps)
- Service Provider/Community Promotion (362 responses)
- \$25 Gift Card Incentive



#### **Survey Promotion & Distribution Partners**





























#### PURPOSE OF LIFE MINISTRIES







Ending the HIV Epidemic

# Marion County, Indiana

# RESPONDENT DEMOGRAPHICS

#### Age of survey respondents

Age of All Respondents	Responses	
19 and under	4.8%	35
20 – 34	38.9%	286
35 – 44	19.9%	146
45 – 54	18.0%	132
55 and above	24.5%	180
Decline to answer	1.8%	13

Q3: Please indicate your age range.

#### **Gender Identity**

Q4: How do you identify your gender?



<sup>\*</sup> Responses include transgender male to female, transgender female to male, questioning, gender fluid, non-binary, unknown, or other.

#### **Sexual Orientation**

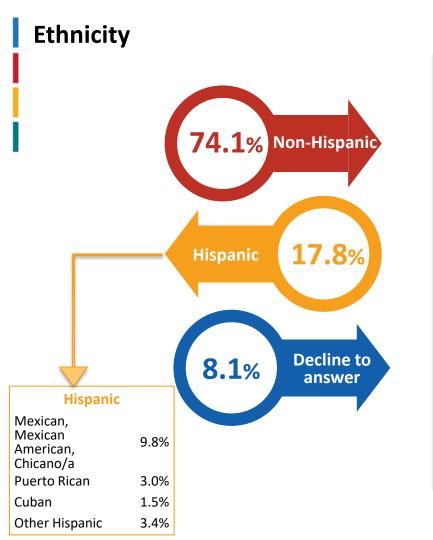
Sexual Orientation	Responses	
Bisexual	9.6%	76
Gay or lesbian	27.6%	219
Straight/heterosexual	51.1%	405
Queer/sexually fluid	3.0%	24
Pansexual	2.4%	19
Questioning	1.6%	13
Decline to answer	4.7%	37

Q6: How do you identify your sexual orientation?

#### **Gender at Birth**

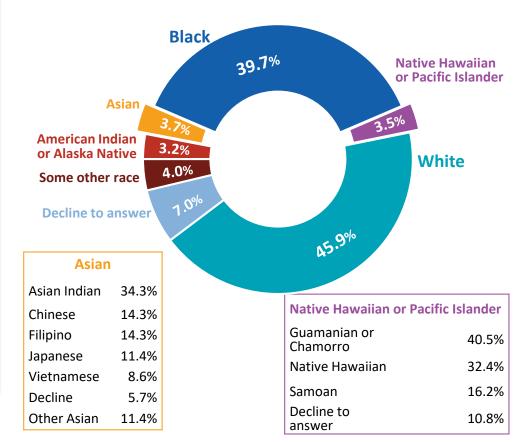
Q5: Please indicate the biological sex assigned to you at birth.





#### Race

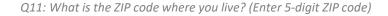
Respondents were able to choose more than one race.



## Location

Zip Codes	Responses	
46283	13.0%	95
46203	8.4%	61
46201	5.3%	39
46205	5.2%	38
46254	4.8%	35
46202	4.4%	32
46224	4.1%	30
46222	3.8%	28
46226	3.6%	26
46219	2.9%	21
46220	2.9%	21
46227	2.6%	19
46208	2.5%	18
46237	2.5%	18
46241	2.5%	18
46268	2.5%	18
46228	2.3%	17
46218	2.2%	16

Zip Codes	Responses	
46260	2.2%	16
46204	1.8%	13
46235	1.6%	12
46239	1.6%	12
46214	1.5%	11
46278	1.5%	11
46225	1.2%	9
46221	1.1%	8
46229	1.1%	8
46250	0.8%	6
46107	0.7%	5
46217	0.7%	5
46234	0.7%	5
46236	0.7%	5
46240	0.7%	5
46256	0.7%	5
46285	0.7%	5







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# **SURVEY RESULTS**

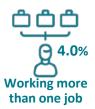
## **Employment Status**









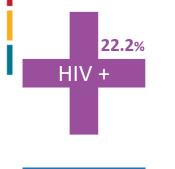








#### **HIV Status**







Q13: What is your HIV status?

#### **HIV+ Receiving Care**

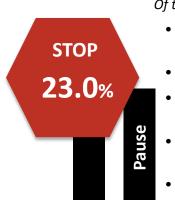


#### Of the 10 write-in responses:

- 70% stated they cannot afford it.
- Remaining comments cited lack of transportation or just beginning a treatment program.

Q14: Do you regularly receive care for HIV?

# **Stopped care or paused treatments**



#### *Of the 33 write-in comments:*

- 24% stopped because of costs or they lost their insurance.
- 12% stopped because they moved.
- 12% stopped because of issues with medications.
- 9% stopped because they were incarcerated.
- 9% stopped because of people finding out/invading their privacy.

Returned to Car

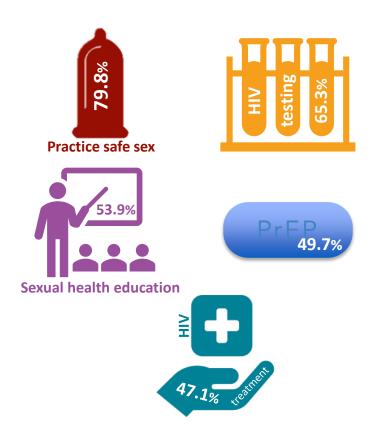
Q15: Have you ever elected to stop receiving care, or had to take a pause in your treatments for any reason?

*Of the 33 write-in comments:* 

- 39% because of a health scare/increased viral load.
- 18% because they **obtained** insurance.
  - 15% because of a mental shift (chose to live). Q17: What prompted you to return to care?

Q16: What caused you to stop receiving care?

## Most important ways to reduce new HIV cases in Marion County



Answer Choices	Respon	ses
Condom use/practice safe sex	78.9%	591
HIV testing	65.3%	489
Sexual health education	53.9%	404
PrEP (HIV prevention medication)	49.7%	372
HIV treatment	47.1%	353
Needle exchange	30.7%	230
PEP (post-exposure prophylaxis)	29.1%	218
Something else (please explain)	9.2%	69

#### *Of the 63 write-in comments:*

No consensus on the most important ways to reduce HIV cases

- 21% cited abstinence
- 19% increase education
- 5% stated harm reduction
- 5% cited reducing stigma
- 5% stated knowing your status

Q19: What do you think are the most important ways to reduce new HIV cases in Marion County? (select all that apply)

#### What's working for Ending the Epidemic?



#### *Of the 379 write-in comments:*

- 10% view education and awareness as the most effective
- 9% PrEP
- 7% condom use
- 7% needle exchange
- 5% testing

Q20: What is happening in Marion County right now that you think is most effective in getting us closer to ending the HIV epidemic?

#### What's NOT working for Ending the Epidemic?



#### Of the 365 write-in comments:

Majority of responses can be grouped into two categories

- Practicing unsafe sex (25%)
- Lack of education about HIV and/or PrEP (22%)

Q21: What is happening in Marion County right now that you think is NOT effective in getting us closer to ending the HIV epidemic?

#### Other recommendations to reduce new HIV Cases

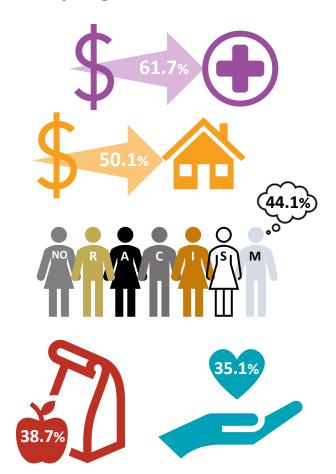
Increased education and awareness, especially focused on youth





Better overall access to health care

## Top five programs that would benefit YOU



Answer Choices	Respor	ises
Assistance with paying for health care	61.7%	427
Affordable housing options/vouchers/assistance	50.1%	347
Efforts to eliminate racism	44.1%	305
Food assistance programs	38.7%	268
Training medical providers to treat a whole person, accounting for past trauma	35.1%	243
Help finding mental health programs	34.5%	239
Job placement programs	34.4%	238
Training medical providers to effectively deal with people from different cultures	28.8%	199
Transportation programs (ride sharing)	25.0%	173
Vocational training (job skills training)	24.0%	166
Programs that provide temporary relief for those caring for their loved ones at home	22.3%	154
Affordable childcare	19.5%	135
GED programs (help with getting a high school diploma)	17.2%	119
Domestic violence prevention programs	16.5%	114
Help finding substance abuse/Harm reduction programs	15.6%	108
Other (please specify)	6.4%	44

Q25: Please pick the top five programs that would benefit you the most.

## **Personal Barriers**

Answer Choices	Respor	ises
Affordable health care	50.3%	351
Affordable housing	43.3%	302
Mental health	40.5%	283
Discrimination because of race	35.4%	247
Access to enough food on a regular basis	25.4%	177
No job/Low pay/Need to work more than one job	23.2%	162
Discrimination because of sexual orientation	22.8%	159
Transportation	19.3%	135
Poverty	19.1%	133
Job training	18.2%	127
Distrust of doctors, nurses, etc.	17.8%	124
Educational opportunities in the past (high school/GED, college, etc.)	17.2%	120
Affordable childcare	17.0%	119
Taking care of partner/family member/friend	16.5%	115
Exposure to violence	15.3%	107
Discrimination because of gender identity	15.2%	106
Substance use (Alcohol/Drugs)	14.0%	98
Educational opportunities today (high school/GED, college, etc.)	13.5%	94
History of being arrested or in jail/prison	9.9%	69
Immigration status	8.6%	60
Partner violence (physical, sexual, or psychological harm by your partner)	8.6%	60
Other (please specify)	8.3%	58



Barriers!

Answer Choices	Respo	onses
Affordable health care	56.3%	395
Affordable housing	51.9%	364
Access to enough food on a regular basis	44.6%	313
Discrimination because of race	42.0%	295
Affordable childcare	36.6%	257
Mental health	36.6%	257
Poverty	33.0%	232
Substance use (Alcohol/Drugs)	26.5%	186
No job/Low pay/Need to work more than one job	26.1%	183
Discrimination because of gender identity	22.8%	160
Discrimination because of sexual orientation	22.8%	160
Educational opportunities (high school/GED, college, etc.)	21.1%	148
Exposure to violence	20.9%	147
History of being arrested or in jail/prison	19.9%	140
Transportation	19.1%	134
lob training	18.2%	128
Immigration status	17.1%	120
Distrust of doctors, nurses, etc.	12.8%	90
Partner violence (physical, sexual, or psychological harm by your partner)	10.8%	76
Taking care of partner/family member/friend	7.0%	49
Other (please specify)	0.4%	3

Q23: Please pick the top five issues (barriers) that affect YOU the most.

Q24: Please pick the top five issues (barriers) that affect OTHERS the most.

## **HIV Testing**

Answer Choices	Responses	
Fear of the result	77.3%	547
Don't want others to know you are getting tested	71.9%	509
Not comfortable asking their doctor for a test	55.2%	391
Lack of affordable health care	43.1%	305
Don't know where to go to get an HIV test	39.8%	282
Cost	37.6%	266
Don't think it's necessary	34.3%	243
Lack of convenient location for testing	29.8%	211
HIV test not offered by their doctor	22.2%	157
Can't take time off work	20.8%	147
Other (please specify)	4.4%	31

## **Starting/Continuing Treatment**

Barriers!

Answer Choices	Respor	ises
Lack of affordable health care	73.8%	521
Don't want anyone to know	65.6%	463
Don't know where to go to get treated	53.5%	378
Medication side effects	41.2%	291
Lack of transportation to appointments	37.4%	264
Don't believe the result	30.3%	214
Scheduling an appointment	29.7%	210
Don't believe treatment will help	26.3%	186
Can't get time off work	25.2%	178
Nowhere to store medication	17.6%	124
Belief in other forms of treatment	14.0%	99
Other (please specify)	6.4%	45

Q28: What are some barriers people face in starting treatment and continuing treatment if they have a positive HIV test? (select all that apply)

#### **Barriers to PrEP**

Answer Choices	Responses	
No money to pay for PrEP medications or follow up visits/test	72.2%	497
Don't know where to get PrEP	65.7%	452
Don't want people to know	42.7%	294
Don't want to take a pill every day	40.7%	280
Don't think PrEP is necessary for them	39.4%	271
Medication side effects	36.0%	248
Don't believe PrEP works	23.3%	160
Lack of transportation	21.7%	149
Scheduling an appointment	20.5%	141
Can't get time off work	20.1%	138
Other (please specify)	7.3%	50



#### **Barriers to PEP**

Answer Choices	Responses	
Don't know where to get PEP	73.0%	504
No money to pay for it or follow up visits/test	71.3%	492
Don't want people to know	49.0%	338
Don't think PEP is necessary for them	33.0%	228
Medication side effects	31.3%	216
Lack of transportation	27.5%	190
Don't believe PEP works	22.9%	158
Scheduling an appointment	22.3%	154
Can't get time off work	21.4%	148
Other (please specify)	8.4%	58

Q30: Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) is a pill HIV-negative people take every day to prevent HIV. What are some barriers people have in starting and continuing PrEP? (select all that apply)

Q32: Post-Exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) is a pill HIV-negative people can take in an emergency situation after being potentially exposed to HIV to prevent becoming infected. It must be started within 72 hours after a recent possible exposure to HIV. What are some barriers people have in getting PEP? (select all that apply)

#### **Top Ten Dating Apps**



**58.6**%

**⊜**bumble 24.3%



match\*

22.6%





18.2%









Others mentioned:



















## Additional Thoughts to End the Epidemic?

#### *Of the 194 write-in comments:*

- 30% cited the need for **more education and increased awareness** about HIV.
- 17% stated access to **condoms** and the need for **practicing** safe sex.
- 15% cited **greater access to testing** as a factor to End the Epidemic
- 7% cited **cost** as a factor.
- 7% mentioned the need to decrease **stigma**.

Q36: Your voice is very valuable! Are there any other ideas you would like to share about putting an end to HIV in Marion County?











## **PRIORITY POPULATIONS**

- 1. Black MSM
- 2. White MSM
- 3. Black Straight Men
- 4. Black Straight Women
- 5. Transgender
- 6. LatinX
- 7. Youth 19 and under
- 8. Seniors 55 and above

				Zin Cod	Zip Codes Personal barriers			Ways to reduce HIV			
<b>—</b>	RESPONSES	ALL	N=69			Affordable housing	63.3%	Condom use/practice	lom use/practice safe sex		78.5%
				46208	11.6%	Discrimination because of race	45.0%	PrEP (HIV prevention	medicatio	on)	66.2%
	Age		1.00/	46202 10.1%				HIV testing	Ţ .		
	19 & under 20-34	4.8% 38.9%	4.3% 46.4%	46218	8.7%	Affordable health care	40.0%		Sexual health education		
	35-44	19.9%	23.2%	46219	8.7%	Mental health	40.0%	HIV treatment			44.6%
	45-54 55 & over	18.0% 24.5%	15.9% 10.1%				40.0%	Barriers to getting a	an HIV te	st	
	55 & over	24.5%	10.1%	46226	8.7%	Access to enough food on a	35.0%	Fear of the result			81.7%
	Sexual Orientation					regular basis		Don't want others to know you are getting tested			78.3%
5	Bisexual	27.5%	25.9%	Programs that would benefit me		t me	Don't think it's necess	ary		53.3%	
	Gay or lesbian	27.6%	68.1%					Not comfortable askir	ng their do	octor for an HIV test	48.3%
15	Straight/Hetero Queer/sexually fluid	51.1% 3.0%	1.4%			Affordable housing options/Vouchers/Assistance 65.6%		Don't know where to go to get an HIV test			36.7%
Σ	Pansexual Questioning	2.4% 1.6%	2.9% 			Assistance with paying for health care	52.5%	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to PEP	
							50.00/	Don't know where to	72.9%	Don't know	81.4%
×	Employment		00.00/			Food assistance programs	50.8%	get PrEP		where to get PEP No money to pay	$\overline{}$
0	Full-time Part-time	44.6% 11.9%	33.3% 14.5%			Efforts to eliminate racism	49.2%	No money to pay for it or follow up	62.7%	for it or follow up	
LAC	Un/Under-employed	17.7%	33.3%			Help finding mental health programs	45.9%	visits/test	02.770	visits/test	
3L	Self-employed More than 1 job Disabled	7.0% 4.0% 9.7%	8.7%  18.8%	Dating /	Apps	Barriers for others		Don't want to take a pill every day	52.5%	Don't want people to know	52.5%
B	Student Retired	8.5% 9.4%	10.1%	Grindr	86.8%	Affordable Housing	70.5%	Don't want people to	47.5%	Medication side effects	35.6%
				Jack'd 73.7%	Afferdable bealth care	F2 F0/	know		Don't think PEP is		
	HIV Status			Faceboo	k 36.8%	Affordable health care	52.5%	Don't think it's necessary for them	42.4%	necessary for	33.9%
	Positive	22.2%	65.2%	Tinder	36.8%	Access to enough food on a	42.6%	necessary for them		them	
	Negative	61.3%	33.3%			regular basis	12.070	Barriers to starting,		ing HIV care	
	Don't Know	11.8%		SCRUFF	26.3%	Mental health	37.7%	Lack of affordable health care  Don't want anyone to know  Medication side effects			68.3%
	Receiving Care	93.0%	97.8%			Discrimination because of race	34.4%				66.7% 51.7%
	Stopped/Paused Care	23.0%	25.0%			(4) 1 1/5		Don't know where to		treated	48.3%
						Substance use (Alcohol/Drugs)	32.8%	Lack of transportation			43.3%

	RESPONSES
	Age 19 & under 20-34 35-44 45-54 55 & over
E MSM	Sexual Orientation Bisexual Gay or lesbian Straight/Hetero Queer/sexually fluid Pansexual Questioning
WHITI	Employment Full-time Part-time Un/Under- employed Self-employed More than 1 job Disabled Student Retired
	HIV Status Positive Negative Don't Know Receiving Care Stopped/Paused Care

46201	9.5%
46205	9.5%
46203	8.6%
46237	8.6%
46239	6.9%
Dating A	<b>\pps</b>
Dating A	
	r 93.8%
Grindi	r 93.8% F 78.8%
Grind: SCRUF	r 93.8% F 78.8% r 43.8%
Grindi SCRUF Tindei	93.8% F 78.8% r 43.8% ok 37.5%

**Zip Codes** 

N=116

25.0%

19.8%

25.9%

29.3%

11.2%

83.6%

1.7%

2.6%

0.9%

51.7%

10.3%

17.2%

9.5%

1.7%

2.6%

7.8%

40.0%

55.7%

2.6%

97.8%

25.0%

12.9%

**ALL** 

4.8% 38.9%

19.9%

18.0%

24.5%

9.6%

27.6%

51.1%

3.0%

2.4%

1.6%

44.6%

11.9%

17.7%

7.0% 4.0%

9.7%

8.5%

9.4%

22.2%

61.3%

11.8%

93.0%

23.0%

Affordable health care	62.2%
Mental health	58.2%
Discrimination based on sexual orientation	52.0%
Affordable housing	49.0%
Taking care of a partner /family member/friend	23.5%
Programs that would benefi	t me
Assistance with paying for health care	72.2%
Help finding mental health programs	50.5%
Training medical providers to treat whole person, account for past trauma	46.4%
Affordable housing options/Vouchers/Assistance	45.4%
Job placement programs	35.1%
Barriers for others	
Affordable health care	66.7%
Mental health	58.3%
Affordable Housing	50.0%
Substance use (Alcohol/Drugs)	41.7%
Access to enough food on a	41.7%

regular basis

**Personal barriers** 

HIV testing 79.19								
Condom use/practice safe sex 76.49								
HIV treatment 60.09								
Sexual health education 56.49								
Rarriers to getting an L	IIV tost							
Barriers to getting an HIV test Fear of the result								
Don't want others to know	w vou		77.3%					
Not comfortable asking th		r for a test	67.0%					
Lack of affordable health			48.5%					
Don't know where to go t	o get a te	st	42.3%					
Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to PE	P					
No money to pay for it or follow up visits/test	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Don't know where to get PrEP	70.5%	No money to pa for it or follow						
Medication side effects	44.2%	visits/test						
Don't want to take a pill every day	43.2%	Don't want people to know	43.2%					
Don't want people to know	40.0%	Medication side effects	29.5%					
Don't think it's necessary for them	40.0%							
Barriers to starting/cor	ntinuing	HIV care						
Lack of affordable health			85.6%					

80.0%

77.3%

52.6%

50.5%

39.2%

Ways to reduce HIV

PrEP (HIV prevention medication)

Don't want anyone to know

Medication side effects

41.7%

Don't know where to go to get treated

Lack of transportation to appointments

	RESPONSES
JEN	Age 19 & under 20-34 35-44 45-54 55 & over
AIGHT I	Sexual Orientation Bisexual Gay or lesbian Straight/Hetero Queer/sexually fluid Pansexual Questioning
ACK STRAIG	Employment Full-time Part-time Un/Under- employed Self-employed More than 1 job Disabled Student Retired
BL	HIV Status Positive Negative Don't Know Receiving Care Stopped/Paused Care

**ALL** 

4.8%

38.9%

19.9%

18.0%

24.5%

9.6% 27.6% 51.1%

3.0%

2.4% 1.6%

44.6%

11.9%

17.7%

7.0% 4.0% 9.7%

8.5%

9.4%

22.2%

61.3%

11.8%

93.0%

23.0%

N=51		Zip Codes					
		46254	1	.6.0%		Ľ	
2.0%		46228	1	.2.0%		[	
51.0%		46283	1	.0.0%		1	
9.8% 17.6%		46214		8.0%		Т	
19.6%		46224		6.0%		n	
		46226		6.0%		r	
		46278	(	6.0%			
100.0%						P	
						4	
41.7%						F	
25.0%						F	
8.3%						j	
		Dating A	Apps				
16.7% 16.7%		Facebo	ok	63.2%		E	
16.7%		Tinde	r	47.4%		ļ	
		Eharmo	ny	31.6%		Ī,	
12.0% 72.0%		Match 26.3%				Ľ	
10.0%		Grind	r	15.8%		L	
83.3%						Ľ	
N/A						T,	
						_	

	Personal barriers	
	Affordable health care	62.5%
	Discrimination based on race	50.0%
	Affordable housing	35.4%
	Taking care of partner/family member/friend	29.2%
1	Access to enough food on a regular basis	25.0%
	Programs that would benefi	t me
	Assistance with paying for health care	63.3%
	Affordable housing options/Vouchers/Assistance	59.2%
	Efforts to eliminate racism	53.1%
	Food assistance programs	42.9%
	Job placement programs	42.9%
	Barriers for others	
	Affordable childcare	66.7%
	Access to enough food on a	58.3%
	regular basis	155.570
	Discrimination based on race	50.0%
	Affordable health care	41.7%
	Affordable housing	41.7%

Ways to reduce	HIV						
Sexual health education							
Condom use/practice safe sex							
HIV testing							
PEP							
Barriers to gettin	ig an HIV te						
Fear of the result							
Don't want others	to know						
Cost							
Not comfortable a	sking their do						
for it	1 1.1						
Lack of affordable	health care						
Barriers to PrEP							
No money to pay for it or follow up	91.7%						
visits/test	91.7%						
Don't know where to get it	50.0%						
Don't want	50.0%						
people to know							
Don't want to take a pill every	43.3%						
day	43.370						
·							
Barriers to starti							
Lack affordable he	alth care						
Scheduling an appointment							
Don't know where to get treate							
Don't want anyone	e to know						
Medication side et	fects						
ca.cation side effects							

x 58.3%						
			50.0%			
				41.7%		
te:	ct					
ıe	si.		91.7	70/		
			75.0			
			75.0 58.3			
ء لہ			56.3	370		
ac	octor		50.0	0%		
•			50.0	)%		
ı		iers to	PEP			
1		know e to ge	t it	83.3%		
		oney to		83.3%		
	Don't	think I		50.0%		
		: want le to kn	iow	41.7%		
		duling a intmen		41.7%		
mi	ng HIV	care				
<u> </u>		00.0		100.0%		
				58.3%		
ite	٠d			58.3%		
ile	:u					
				58.3%		
				50.0%		

66.7%

	RESPONSES	ALL	N=96	Zip Co	des		Personal barriers		Ways to reduce HIV					
	RESPUNSES	ALL	N=96	•	T		Discrimination because of race	56.0%		Condom use/practice sa	fe sex		86.7	%
				46254	17.7%		Affectable beautiful and	20.20/		Ŭ				%
	<b>Age</b> 19 & under	4.8%	5.2%	46224 10.4%			Affordable health care	39.3%		Sexual health education			56.7	
ш.	20-34	38.9%	19.8%	46222	9.4%	$\neg$	Affordable housing	38.1%		HIV treatment			43.3	
	35-44	19.9%	10.4%		+	$\dashv$		30.170		PrEP (HIV prevention me	dicatio	า)	31.1	%
Σ	45-54 55 & over	18.0% 24.5%	27.1% 35.4%	46226	8.3%	_	Access to enough food on a	27.4%		Barriers to getting an	HIV tes	t		
	33 & 0VC1		33.470	46260	7.3%		regular basis			Fear of the result	78.7%			
<b>\</b>	Sexual Orientation			46227	5.2%		Exposure to violence	26.2%		Don't want others to kno getting tested	ow you a	are	77.5%	- 1
	Bisexual	9.6%		46268	5.2%					Not comfortable asking t	heir do	ctor	F2 00/	
	Gay or lesbian	27.6%		<u> </u>			Programs that would benefi	t me		for an HIV test			52.8%	
	Straight/Hetero	51.1% 3.0%	100.0%				Affordable housing			Don't think it's necessary			41.6%	
-	Queer/sexually fluid Pansexual Questioning	3.0%					options/Vouchers/Assistance	55.7%		Lack of affordable health care			39.3%	
		2.4% 1.6%					Assistance with paying for	40.40/		Barriers to PrEP Barriers to PEP				
5							health care	49.4%		No money to pay for		Don't know	where to	81.4%
	Employment	44.6%					Efforts to eliminate racism	49.4%	PrEP medications or		71.4%	get PEP	<u> </u>	
$\Box$	Full-time 4 Part-time 1		47.9%				Food assistance programs	46.8%	-	follow up visits/test		No money to		
RAI		11.9% 17.7%	J. 7/0				Training medical providers to		-	Don't know where to get	69.0%	PEP medicat follow up vis	ions or	73.3%
	employed	27.770	10.4%				effectively deal with people	38.0%		PrEP		Don't want		+
	Self-employed	7.0% 4.0%	9.4%	Dating	Anns		from different cultures	$\Box$		Medication side effects	54.8%	know	ocopic to	55.8%
S	More than 1 job Disabled	9.7%	2.1% 10.4%				Barriers for others			Don't want people to	F2 40/	Don't think I	PEP is	
<b>×</b>	Student	8.5% 9.4%	7.3%	Faceboo	k 69.6	5%				know	52.4%	necessary fo	r them	36.0%
	Retired	9.4%	11.5%	Tinder	47.8	3%	Affordable Housing	59.3%		Don't think PrEP is	41.7%	Medication	side effects	36.0%
	HIV Status			Match.c	om 39.1	1%	Affordable health care	58.1%		necessary for them				1
A	Positive	22.2%	11.5%	eHarmo	ny 34.8	2%				Barriers to starting/co	ntinui	ng HIV care		
	Negative Don't Know	61.3% 11.8%	72.9% 5.2%	<u> </u>	$\dashv$	Access to enough food on a	54.7%		Lack of affordable health	care		8	4.3%	
$\overline{\mathbf{m}}$		93.0%		Bumble	17.4	1%	regular basis	+		Don't want anyone to kn				9.7%
	Receiving Care		100.0%	Zoosk	13.0	)%	Affordable childcare	48.8%		Don't know where to go	to get t	reated		8.4%
	Stopped/Paused Care	23.0%	18.2%				Discrimination because of race	40.7%		Medication side effects				6.1%
	Care						Discrimination because of face	40.770		Don't believe the result			4	2.7%

				Zip Codes	Programs that would benefit	Ways to reduce HIV					
<b>—</b>	RESPONSES	ALL	N=62	46283 33.3%	Programs that would benefit	ı me	HIV testing			84.7%	
	A			46203 16.7%	Assistance with paying for	66.1%	Condom use/practi	ce safe sex		74.6%	
	<b>Age</b> 19 & under 20-34	4.8%	9.7%	46201 10.0%	health care PrEP (HIV prevention medication)					66.1%	
		38.9%	51.6%	46205 10.0%	Affordable housing	Sexual health educa	64.4%				
	35-44	19.9% 18.0%	16.1%	46219 6.7%	options/Vouchers/Assistance	50.0%	HIV treatment			55.9%	
	45-54 55 & over	24.5%	8.1% 8.1%	<b>Gender Identity</b>	Efforts to eliminate racism	48.2%	Barriers to getting	g an HIV te	st		
	33 & 376.		0.170	Trans M to F 29.0%	Training medical providers to		Fear of the result			69.1%	
ER	Sexual Orientation			Non-binary 22.6% Trans F to M 14.5%	treat a whole person, taking into account past trauma	46.4%	Don't want others t getting tested			56.4%	
	Bisexual Gay or lesbian	9.6% 27.6%	11.3% 29.0%	Questioning 9.7% Gender fluid 11.3%	Help finding mental health programs	44.6%	Not comfortable as for an HIV test	king their d	octor	56.4%	
	Straight/Hetero	51.1% 3.0%	19.4%	Unknown 6.5%	programs		Lack of affordable h	Lack of affordable health care		45.5%	
Z	Queer/sexually fluid	3.0%	19.4%	Other 6.5%	Personal barriers		Cost	Cost			
ш	Pansexual Questioning	2.4% 1.6%	11.3%	Ethnicity	Mental health	53.6%	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to	PEP	
			6.5%		Affordable housing	51.8%	No money to pay	67.3%	No money to	o pay 67.3%	
U	F			Non-Hispanic 67.7%	Affordable health care	44.6%	for PrEP		for PEP Don't know		
S	Employment Full-time Part-time Un/Under-	44.6% 11.9% 17.7% 7.0%	33.3%	Hispanic 21.0% Decline 11.3%	Discrimination because of		Don't know where	60.0%	where to get	60.0%	
Z			11.7%	Race	gender identity	42.9%	to get PrEP		Don't want		
			26.7%	White 48.4%	Discrimination because of	37.5%	necessary for	Don't think it's necessary for 43.6%	people to kn		
RA	employed Self-employed		13.3% 15.0%	Black 38.7%	sexual orientation		them	43.070	Medication	side 43.6%	
~	More than 1 job	4.0% 9.7%		Native	n : ( )		Don't want to		effects		
	Disabled Student	9.7% 8.5%	8.3% 20.0%	Hawaiian/ 8.1%	Barriers for others	1	take a pill every	43.6%	Don't think i		
	Retired	9.4%	6.7%	Islander	Discrimination because of race	54.5%	day		them	30.470	
				Asian 8.1%			Don't want	36.4%	Lack of	26.40/	
	HIV Status	22.2%	20.00/	Other 6.5%	Affordable health care	49.1%	people to know	30.170	transportation	on 36.4%	
	Positive Negative	61.3%	20.0% 51.7%	Dating Apps		$\vdash$	Barriers to starting	Barriers to starting/continuing HIV care			
		11.8%	23.3%	Grindr 69.2%	Affordable Housing	45.5%		Don't want anyone to know			
	Receiving Care	93.0%	75.0%	Tinder 61.5%	Access to enough food on a	43.6%	Lack of affordable h			52.7%	
	Stopped/Paused	23.0%	33.3%	Facebook 48.7%	regular basis	10.070	Don't know where			50.9%	
	Care		00.070	Bumble 30.8%	No job/Low pay/Need to work	34.5%	Lack of transportat		ntments	49.1%	
				SCRUFF 28.2%	more than one job		Medication side eff	rects		41.8%	

RI	DECDONICES	<b>A11</b>	N. 444	Zip Code	!S	Personal barriers		Ways to reduce	HIV			
V	RESPONSES	ALL	N=141	46283	28.1%	Affordable health care	48.5%	Condom use/pract	ice safe sex		71.	.7%
	Age			46222 46224	8.6% 7.9%	Discrimination because of race	41.0%	HIV testing			52.	.9%
	19 & under	4.8%	4.3%	46201	4.3%	1		Sexual health educ				.7%
	20-34	38.9% 19.9%	48.2%	46203	4.3%	Affordable housing	37.3%	PrEP (HIV preventi	on medication	on)		.9%
	35-44 45-54	18.0%	22.0% 12.8%	46254	4.3%	Access to enough food on a		HIV treatment			35.	.5%
	55 & over	24.5%	9.2%	40234	4.376	regular basis	27.6%	Barriers to gettin	ng an HIV te	est		
				Gender I	dentity	Manual Israelis	26.00/	Fear of the result				65.9%
	Sexual			Male	51.8%	Mental health	26.9%	Don't want others	to know			65.2%
	<b>Orientation</b> Bisexual	9.6%	10.6%	Female	38.3%			Not comfortable a	sking their d	octor for an HIV	test	51.1%
	Gay or lesbian	27.6%	15.6%	Trans M to		Programs that would benefi	t me	Cost				41.5%
	Straight/Hetero	51.1% 3.0%	56.0%	Trans F to Questionii		Assistance with paying for	66.4%	Don't know where	to go to get	an HIV test		40.0%
2	Queer/sexually fluid	3.0%	3.5%	Non-binar	<u> </u>	health care	00.4%	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to I	PFP	
	Pansexual 2.4% Questioning 1.6%	3.5%	Decline	.07%	Affordable housing	44.00/	No money to pay		No money to			
		1.6%	2.1%	Gender flu	iid 1.4%	options/Vouchers/Assistance	44.8%	for it or follow up	72.6%	for it or follow		63.9%
	Employment			Ethnicity		Efforts to eliminate racism	44.8%	visits/test		visits/test	_	-
A	Full-time Part-time	44.6% 11.9%	49.6% 14.4%	Mexican,	Т	Food assistance programs	35.8%	Don't know where to get PrEP	59.3%	Don't know w to get PEP	here	59.4%
_	Un/Under- employed	17.7%	18.0%	Mexican American,	55.3%	Training medical providers to effectively deal with people	34.3%	Don't want people to know	41.5%	Don't want people to kno	100/	45.1%
	Self-employed	7.0%	2.2%	Chicano/a		from different cultures		Don't think it's		Don't think it		
	More than 1 job	4.0% 9.7%	7.2%	Puerto Rio				necessary for	37.0%	necessary for	-	36.8%
	Disabled Student	9.7% 8.5%	4.3% 9.4%	Cuban	8.5%	Barriers for others		them		them		
	Retired	9.4%	7.2%	Other Hispanic	19.1%	Affordable health care	50.0%	Don't want to take a pill every	31.1%	Medication si effects	de	27.1%
	HIV Status			Dating A	nns	Discrimination because of race	50.0%	day		No transporta	ition	27.1%
	Positive	22.2%	17.3%	Facebook	59.0%	Bischillination because of face	30.070	Barriers to starti	ng/continu	ing HIV care		
	Negative 61.3%	56.1%			Affordable Housing	47.1%	Lack of affordable	_			66.9%	
	Don't Know	93.0%	20.9%	Grindr         47.5%           Tinder         39.3%           Pov	Barranter	44.004	Don't know where	to go to get	treated		60.2%	
	Receiving Care		83.3%		Poverty	41.9%	Don't want anyone to know				54.9%	
	Stopped/Paused	23.0%	10.0%	Match.cor		Access to enough food on a	35.3%	Lack of transportat		ntments		36.8%
	Care			Bumble	29.5%	regular basis	1,2,2,0	Medication side ef	fects			33.8%

	DECDONICEC		N. 25			Personal barriers		Ways to reduce	HIV				
·	RESPONSES	ALL	N=35	46283 2	0.0%	Discrimination because of rac		Condom use/pract	tice safe sex		8	4.8%	
				46201 1	1.4%	Mental health	56.7%	HIV testing			6	9.7%	
	Age	4.8%		46260 8	3.6%	Affordable health care	40.0%	Sexual health educ	ration			0.6%	
	19 & under 20-34	38.9%	100.0%	46205 8	3.6%	Affordable housing	40.0%	HIV treatment	Cation			7.6%	
	20-34 35-44	19.9%		46235 5	5.7%	Discrimination – gender ID	30.0%	Prep (HIV prevent	ion medication	nn)	_	9.4%	
	45-54	18.0%			5.7%	Discrimination - sexual orien.	30.0%				,	3.470	
	55 & over	24.5%		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Educational opportunities	30.0%	Barriers to getting	ng an HIV te	est			
er				Gender Iden	tity	Transportation	30.0%	Fear of the result				80.6%	
9	Sexual			Male	21.40/	Programs that would bene	fit me	Not comfortable a				64.5%	
pun	Orientation	0.60/			31.4%	Efforts to eliminate racism	60.0%	Don't want others	to know you	are getting tes	ted	61.3%	
=	Bisexual	9.6% 27.6%	17.1%	Female	48.6%	Affordable housing		Cost				61.3%	
	Gay or lesbian Straight/Hetero	51.1%	5.7% 60.0%	Trans M to F	2.9%	options/Vouchers/Assistance	53.3%	Don't know where	to go to get	an HIV test		45.2%	
ठ्ठ	Queer/sexually	3.0%	2.9%	Trans F to M	5.7%	Assistance with paying for		Barriers to PrEP		Dami'ana ta	DED		
0	fluid		2.370	Questioning	2.9%	health care	50.0%	No money it or		Barriers to	PEP		
- 19	i Falisexual I	2.4%	2.9%	Non-binary	2.9%	Food assistance programs	40.0%	follow up	72.4%	Don't know	where	72.4%	
		1.6%	5.7%	Other	2.9%	GED programs	40.0%	visits/test	1 = 1 1,1	to get PEP		72.470	
' t	Employment					Help finding mental health	40.0%	Don't know where	FO CO/	No money to	n nav		
	Full-time	44.6%	17.6%	Ethnicity		programs		to get PrEP	58.6%	for it or follo		62.1%	
	Part-time	11.9%	26.5%	Non-Hispanic	71.4%	Transportation programs (ride	40.0%	Don't want	41.4%	visits/test	- '		
	Un/Under-	17.7%	23.5%	Hispanic	17.1%	sharing)		people to know	41.470			-	
	employed	7.0%		Decline	11.4%	Barriers for others		Don't think it's		Don't want		48.3%	
	Self-employed	7.0% 4.0%	2.9%	Race		Mental health	58.6%	necessary for	41.4%	people to kn	ow		
	More than 1 job Disabled	9.7%	2.9%	White	40.0%	Discrimination because of rac	e 51.7%	them		Don't think i	t's for	44.8%	
	Student	8.5%	44.1%	Black	51.4%	Affordable health care	48.3%	Don't want to	34.5%	them		44.070	
	Retired	9.4%			31.4%	Affordable Housing	48.3%	take a daily pill Don't believe PrEF		Don't believe	PFP		
				Native	<sub>- 70</sub> /	Poverty	48.3%	works	34.5%	works		37.9%	
	HIV Status	22.2%		Hawaiian/ Islander	5.7%	Dating Apps		WOLKS					
	Positive	61.3%	2.9% 67.6%		44.20/		30.0%	Barriers to starti	ng/continu	ing HIV care			
	Don't Know 11.8  Receiving Care 93.0	11.8%	20.6%	Asian	14.3%	Bumble	40.0%	Lack of affordable	health care			67.7%	
		93.0%		American	2 00/	Facebook	40.0%	Don't want anyon				61.3%	
		23.0%		Indian/Alaska	2.9%	Grindr	26.7%	Don't know where		treated		48.4%	
		23.0%		Native		eHarmony	20.0%	Don't believe the				41.9%	
				Other	5.7%	Match.com	20.0%	Don't believe trea	tment will he	elp		41.9%	

	RESPONSES
	Age 19 & under 20-34 35-44 45-54 55 & over
RS - 55+	Sexual Orientation Bisexual Gay or lesbian Straight/Hetero Queer/sexually fluid Pansexual Questioning
SENIORS	Employment Full-time Part-time Un/Under- employed Self-employed More than 1 job Disabled Student Retired
	HIV Status Positive Negative Don't Know Receiving Care Stopped/Pause Care

ALL

4.2% 36.7%

18.4%

16.1%

22.7%

9.4%

28.0%

50.5%

3.3%

2.4%

1.5%

44.8%

11.7%

17.9%

6.9%

4.1%

9.5%

9.0%

9.6%

20.6%

62.1%

12.3%

91.9%

21.2%

N = 180

100.0%

5.6%

25.0%

58.3%

0.6%

2.2%

31.3%

12.3%

7.8%

3.4%

1.1%

1.1%

18.4%

34.6%

19.7%

64.0%

100.0%

22.9%

9.0%

Zip Codes		Personal barriers			Ways to	reduce I	ΗV	
	7.3%	Affordable health care	52	2.8%	Condom u	ıse/practi	ce safe sex	
46222 6	5.7%	Discrimination because of		5.9%	HIV testin	g		
46283 6	5.7%	Affordable housing	34	4.5%	Sexual hea		ation	
46205 5	5.0%	Mental health		1.7%	HIV treatr		20011	
46254 4	1.5%	Taking care of partner/fam	nily 2	6.8%			n medicati	on)
46260 4	1.5%	member/friend		0.070				
		Programs that would be	onofit n	20			g an HIV t	est
Gender Iden	tity			ie	Fear of the	e result		
Male	45.0%	Assistance with paying for health care	5	9.7%	Don't war	it others t	o know you	are getting tes
Female	51.1%	Affordable housing	4	6.0%	Not comfo	ortable as	king their d	octor for an HI\
Trans M to F	1.1%	options/Vouchers/Assistar	nce		Lack of aff	fordable h	nealth care	
Trans F to M		Efforts to eliminate racism		1.0%	Don't kno	w where t	to go to get	an HIV test
Questioning		Food assistance programs		9.6%			8 8	
Non-binary		Training medical providers treat a whole person,		8.1%	Barriers t	o PrEP		Barriers to
Other		accounting for past trauma		8.1%	No money	to pay		No money to
	_	accounting for past trauma	a		for it or fo	llow up	75.9%	for it or follo
Ethnicity		Barriers for others			visits/test			visits/test
Non-Hispanic	83.3%	Affordable health care	6	1.7%	Don't kno		61.7%	Don't know
Hispanic	7.2%	Affordable Housing	5	1.1%	to get PrE			to get PEP
Decline	9.4%	Access to enough food on	a 1	3.3%	Don't war		44.4%	Don't want
Race		regular basis		3.370	Medicatio			people to kn Medication s
White	49.4%			0.4%	effects	iii side	37.6%	effects
Black	40.0%			9.0%	Don't war	it to		Don't think F
Native		Dating Apps			take a pill	every	32.3%	necessary fo
Hawaiian/	2.2%	Grindr	51.1	%	day			them
Islander	igsquare	Facebook	40.0	_	Barriers t	o startin	ng/continu	ing HIV care
Asian	2.8%	SCRUFF	33.3				nealth care	m <sub>6</sub> mv carc
American			28.9	_	Don't war			
Indian/Alaska	2.8%	eHarmony					to go to get	treated
Native		Match.com	20.0	_	Medicatio			
Other	3.9%	Tinder	20.0	%	Lack of tra	nsportati	on to appo	intments

Sarriers to getting an HIV test ear of the result 76.2% Oon't want others to know you are getting tested 73.5% Not comfortable asking their doctor for an HIV test 45.6% ack of affordable health care 39.5% Oon't know where to go to get an HIV test 38.8%

**Barriers to PEP** 

No money to pay

for it or follow up

Don't know where

people to know

Medication side

Don't think PEP is

necessary for

75.9% 60.8%

53.6%

45.8%

39.8%

75.2%

72.3%

48.9%

32.8%

28.5%

77.6%

65.3%

51.0%

41.5%

29.9%

#### **HIV Status & Personal Barrier Views**

- 1. Priority Zip Codes
- 2. HIV + / But Not in Care
- 3. HIV Status: Don't Know
- 4. History of being arrested or in jail/prison
- 5. Partner Violence (physical, sexual, psychological harm by your partner)
- 6. Mental Health
- 7. Basic Needs Instability (Access to food, regular basis; affordable housing, poverty)
- 8. Substance Use (alcohol/drugs)
- 9. Immigration Status

	DECDONCES	ALL	N=268			Personal barriers			Ways to reduce HIV				
	RESPONSES	ALL	N-208		_	Affordable health care		1.0%	Condom use/practice	safe sex		80	.6%
	A			46254 14.9	_	Discrimination because of		0.8%	HIV testing			61	.2%
·	Age 19 & under	4.2%	5.2%	46205 14.6	_	Affordable housing		9.0%	Sexual health educati	on		55	.8%
	20-34	36.7%	32.8%	46224 13.4		Mental health		1.0%	HIV treatment			<del>                                     </del>	.6%
W	35-44	18.4%	20.5%	46222 13.1		No job/Low pay/Need to we more than one job	<sup>vork</sup> 27.	7.4%	PrEP (HIV prevention	medicatio	on)	43	.4%
	45-54	16.1%	19.0%	46226 9.79		Access to enough food on	3						
#	55 & over	22.7%	21.6%	46218 7.19	_	regular basis	23.	3.2%	Barriers to getting	an HIV te	est		
	Sexual			46208 6.7° 46235 5.2°	_	Transportation	23.	3.2%	Fear of the result				81.3%
	Orientation			40233 3.2	<del>/</del>				Don't want others to	know you	are getting tes	sted	76.8%
0	Bisexual	9.4%	9.3%	Gender Identit	v	Programs that would be	enefit me	ie	Not comfortable aski	ng their d	octor for an HI\	√ test	51.2%
	Gay or lesbian	28.0%	28.4%		0.4%	Affordable housing	57.	7.9%	Lack of affordable hea				38.2%
	Straight/Hetero Queer/sexually	50.5% 3.3%	50.4% 3.4%		4.8%	options/Vouchers/Assistar Assistance with paying for		_	Don't think it's necess				37.8%
<b>Q</b>	fluid	3.570	3.470		1.5%	health care	50	0.6%	Don't think it's necess	odi y		_	37.6%
	Pansexual	2.4%	1.5%	-	1.1%	Efforts to eliminate racism	48	3.1%	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to	PEP	
N	Questioning	1.5%	1.1%		0.4%	Food assistance programs	43.	3.4%	No money to pay for		Don't know	where to	75.20/
	Employment			Non-binary (	0.7%	Job placement programs		4.5%	PrEP medications or	68.8%	get PEP		75.3%
	Full-time	44.8%	39.6%		0.4%		34	+.5/0	follow up visits/test		No money to	o pay for	
-	Part-time	11.7%	13.8%	Gender fluid	0.4%	Barriers for others			Don't know where to get PrEP	67.1%	PEP medicat		68.6%
	Un/Under- employed	17.9%	22.0%	m		Affordable health care	57	7.0%			follow up vis		
	Self-employed	6.9%	6.3%	Ethnicity		Affordable Housing	55	5.3%	Don't want people to	42.6%	Don't want p	people to	49.0%
	More than 1 job	4.1%	2.2%		76.1%	Access to enough food on	a 51	1.1%	know		know		$\vdash$
0	Disabled	9.5%	11.9%		L7.2%	regular basis			Don't want to take a	38.0%	Medication : effects	side	34.7%
	Student Retired	9.0% 9.6%	6.0% 7.8%	Decline	6.7%	Discrimination because of	race 43	3.9%	pill every day	30.070	Don't think I	DED :-	
~	Retired	3.070	7.070	Race		Affordable childcare	40	0.5%	Medication side	37.6%	necessary fo		25.5%
	HIV Status				32.8%	Dating Apps			effects		necessary re	, them	
	Positive	20.6%	32.8%		8.6%		E4 20/		Barriers to starting	/continu	ing HIV care		
	Negative Don't Know	62.1% 12.3%	55.6%	-	1.5%	Facebook	51.3%	_	Lack of affordable hea	alth care			77.6%
			5.6%	American		Grindr	51.3%		Don't want anyone to				68.6%
	Receiving Care	91.9%	94.3%		1.1%	Tinder	47.9%		Don't know where to		treated		53.5%
	Stopped/Paused	21.2%	28.9%	Native	5.60/	SCRUFF	26.1%		Medication side effect				38.4%
	Care			Other	5.6%	Jack'd	22.7%	6	Lack of transportation	n to appoi	ntments		37.1%

	RESPONSES	ALL	N=12	Zip Codes		Personal barriers		Ways to reduce	HIV		
	RESPONSES	ALL	14-12		.3%	Affordable health care	75.0%	Condom use/prac	tice safe sex		91.7%
	Age				.7%	Affordable housing	66.7%	HIV testing			58.3%
	19 & under	4.2%	8.3%		3%	Access to enough food on a regular basis	58.3%	Sexual health edu	cation		58.3%
	20-34	36.7%	25.0%		<b>3%</b> 3%	No job/Low pay/Need to wor	·k	HIV treatment			50.0%
ш	35-44	18.4%	33.3%		3%	more than one job	58.3%	PrEP (HIV prevent	ion medicati	on)	33.3%
~	45-54 55 & over	16.1% 22.7%	33.3%		3%	Mental health	50.0%	Barriers to getti	ng an HIV t	est	
	33 6 316.					Programs that would bene	fit me	Don't want others			ted 83.3%
A	Sexual			Gender Ident	itv	Affordable housing		Fear of the result			75.0%
	Orientation				75.0%	options/Vouchers/Assistance	75.0%	Don't know where			41.7%
	Bisexual Gay or lesbian	9.4% 28.0%	16.7% 41.7%	Female	73.0%	Assistance with paying for	75.0%	Lack of convenien		r testing	41.7%
7	Straight/Hetero	50.5%	41.7%	Trans M to F	8.3%	health care		Don't think it's ne	cessary		33.3%
	Queer/sexually	3.3%		Trans F to M		Food assistance programs	58.3%	Cost Lack of affordable	hoalth caro		33.3%
	fluid	2.40/		Questioning	16.7%	Help finding mental health programs	50.0%		Health Care		
	Pansexual Questioning	2.4% 1.5%		Non-binary	1		F0.00/	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to	
	Questioning	1.570		Other		Job placement programs	50.0%	No money to pay		No money to	' '
0	Employment					Barriers for others		for it or follow up	83.3%	for it or follo visits/test	w up 66.7%
7	Full-time	44.8%	25.0%	Ethnicity		Affordable health care	58.3%	visits/test		Don't know	where
	Part-time Un/Under-	11.7% 17.9%	8.3% 58.3%	Non-Hispanic	50.0%	Access to enough food on a	41.7%	Don't know where		to get PEP	58.3%
	employed	17.570	30.370	Hispanic	33.3%	regular basis	41.70/	to get PrEP	41.7%	Don't want	22.20/
	Self-employed	6.9%	25.0%	Decline	16.7%	Affordable Housing Discrimination because of	41.7%	Don't think PrEP is		people to kn	ow 33.3%
+	More than 1 job Disabled	4.1% 9.5%	8.3% 16.7%	Race		sexual orientation	41.7%	necessary for	41.7%	Medication s	side 25.0%
	Student	9.5%	16.7%	White	33.3%	No job/Low pay/Need to wor	k 44 70/	them		effects	
	Retired	9.6%		Black	25.0%	more than one job	41.7%	Medication side		Don't think F	
				Native		Affordable health care	41.7%	effects	25.0%	them	25.0%
	<b>HIV Status</b> Positive	20.6%	100.0%	Hawaiian/		Dating Apps			1 1	-	
	Negative	62.1%	100.0%	Islander		Tinder	63.6%	Barriers to start		iing HIV care	75.00/
	Don't Know	12.3%		Asian		Grindr	54.5%	Lack of affordable Don't want anyon			75.0% 58.3%
	Receiving Care	91.9%		American Indian/Alaska	8.3%	Facebook	45.5%	Lack of transporta		intments	50.0%
	Stopped/Paused	21.2%		Native	6.5%	Match.com	27.3%	Medication side e		minicitis	41.7%
	Care	,		Other	33.3%	SCRUFF	27.3%	Scheduling an app			25.0%
				Carici	55.570	JONOTT	27.370				

				Zip Codes		Personal barriers			Ways to reduce	HIV			
	RESPONSES	ALL	N=90	46283	25.6%	Affordable health care	58.0%		Condom use/pract			70	9.5%
				46203	8.9%	Mental health	54.3%			ice saile sex			
	Age			46219	5.6%	Affordable housing	42.0%		HIV testing				1.4%
	19 & under	4.2%	7.8%	46201	4.4%	Discrimination based on r	ace 23.5%	ш	Sexual health educ	ation			3.4%
	20-34	36.7%	50.0%	46225	3.3%	Discrimination based on	22.2%	ш	HIV treatment				1.3%
	35-44	18.4%	10.0%	46240	3.3%	gender identity	22.270	ш	PrEP (HIV prevention	on medication	on)	44	4.3%
0	45-54 55 & over	16.1% 22.7%	11.1% 17.8%	46260	3.3%	Programs that would b	enefit me		Barriers to gettin	g an HIV te	est		
Z			17.070			Assistance with paying for health care	r 71.8%	ш	Fear of the result	<i>5</i>			69.9%
	Sexual			Gender Ide	ntity	Affordable housing		11	Not comfortable as	sking their d	octor for an HIV	' test	66.3%
Y	<b>Orientation</b> Bisexual	9.4%	4.4%	Male	46.7%	options/Vouchers/Assista	nce 52.6%		Cost				62.7%
	Gay or lesbian	28.0%	4.4% 12.2%	Female	37.8%	Efforts to eliminate racism		31	Lack of affordable l	health care			57.8%
	Straight/Hetero	50.5%	67.8%	Trans M to F	3.3%	Help finding mental health programs	h 38.5%	ш	Don't know where	to go to get	an HIV test		54.2%
	Queer/sexually fluid	3.3%	4.4%	Trans F to M	4.4%	Job placement programs	37.2%	ш	Barriers to PrEP		Daveia va ta	DED	$\overline{}$
	Pansexual	2.4%	2.2%	Questioning	2.2%	Training medical provider		11			Barriers to		_
	Questioning	1.5%	2.2%	Gender fluid	1.1%	treat a whole person,	37.2%	ш	No money to pay for it or follow up	74.4%	No money to		00 =0/
0	_			Non-binary	2.2%	accounting for past traum Programs that provide	ia	-11	visits/test	74.470	for it or followisits/test	w up	80.7%
	Employment Full-time	44.8%	46.7%	est to		temporary relief for those		П	Don't know where	63.4%	Don't know v	whore	
	Part-time	11.7%	14.4%	Ethnicity		caring for their loved ones	s at 37.2%	ш	to get PrEP	03.4%	to get PEP	WHELE	65.1%
	Un/Under-	17.9%	8.9%	Non-Hispani	57.8%	home		┚┃	Don't want to		Don't want		
S	employed			Hispanic	32.2%	Barriers for others		П	take a pill every	51.2%	people to kn	ow	51.8%
	Self-employed More than 1 job	6.9%	4.4%	Decline	9.6%	Affordable health care	54.9%	,	day		people to kin	-	
	Disabled	4.1% 9.5%	8.9% 7.8%	Race		Mental health	46.3%	5	Don't want	42.7%	Transportation	on	37.3%
	Student	9.0%	21.1%	White	55.6%	Discrimination because of	frace 43.9%		people to know Don't think it's		Don't think it	-/ <sub>C</sub>	
	Retired	9.6%	11.1%	Black	25.6%	Affordable housing	41.5%		necessary for	41.5%	necessary for		30.1%
				Native		Access to enough food on	a 36.6%		them	41.570	them	.	30.170
	HIV Status			Hawaiian/	6.7%	regular basis		41	trem				
S	Positive	20.6% 62.1%		Islander		Dating Apps			Barriers to starting	ng/continu	ing HIV care		
	Negative Don't Know	12.3%	100.0%	Asian	6.7%	Tinder	71.4%		Lack of affordable l	health care			72.0%
	Receiving Care	91.9%	100.070	American		Facebook	47.6%		Don't want anyone	to know			65.9%
				Indian/Alask	a 4.4%	Grindr	35.7%		Don't know where		treated		64.6%
	Stopped/Paused Care	21.2%		Native		Bumble	33.3%		Medication side ef				42.7%
	Care			Other	2.2%	Match.com	26.2%		Lack of transportat	ion to appoi	intments		35.4%

	DECDONICEC	011	NI-C4	Zip Codes		Personal barriers		Ways to reduce	HIV			
	RESPONSES	ALL	N=64	46201 9.	4%	History of being arrested of	r in 100.0%	Condom use/pract	ce safe sex		87.	5%
					4%	jail/prison		HIV testing			60.	9%
	<b>Age</b> 19 & under	4.2%	1.6%		4%	Affordable housing	46.9%	HIV treatment			48.	4%
	20-34	36.7%	28.1%		4%	Discrimination because of	race 39.1%	PrEP (HIV prevention	n medication	on)	43.	8%
	35-44	18.4%	28.1%		3%	Mental health	35.9%	Sexual health educ		·	43.	8%
	45-54 55 & over	16.1% 22.7%	20.3%		3%	Affordable health care	32.8%	Barriers to gettin	a an HIV to	et		
	33 & Ovel	22.770	18.8%	46219 6.	3%	Altordable fleatiff care	32.8%	Don't want others	_		ted	79.4%
	Sexual			Gender Ident	itv	Programs that would be	nefit me	Fear of the result	to Know you	are getting tes	tcu	79.4%
	Orientation			Male	53.1%	Affordable housing	68.8%	Not comfortable as	king their d	octor for an HI\	/ test	47.6%
S	Bisexual	9.4%	17.2%	Female	32.8%	options/Vouchers/Assistan	ce 68.8%	Lack of affordable			test	36.5%
	Gay or lesbian Straight/Hetero	28.0% 50.5%	26.6% 43.8%	Trans M to F	10.9%	Assistance with paying for	60.9%	Cost				34.9%
	Queer/sexually	3.3%	3.1%	Trans F to M		health care						
	fluid			Questioning		Food assistance programs	57.8%	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to		
Z	Pansexual	2.4% 1.5%	1.6% 3.1%	Non-binary		Job placement programs	45.3%	No money to pay fo		Don't know v	wnere to	79.0%
	Questioning	1.5%	3.1%	Other		Transportation programs (sharing)	35.9%	it or follow up visits/test	66.1%	No money to	nay for	
	Employment			Estadate.				Don't know where	to	it or follow u	. ,	67.7%
(A)	Full-time	44.8%	37.5%	Ethnicity		Barriers for others		get PrEP	59.7%	visits/test		
<u> </u>	Part-time Un/Under-	11.7% 17.9%	10.9%	Non-Hispanic	85.9%	Access to enough food on a	48.4%	Don't want people	to	Don't want p	eople to	48.4%
~	employed	17.9%	26.6%	Hispanic	9.4%	regular basis Affordable Housing	45.3%	know	50.0%	know		40.470
	Self-employed	6.9%	15.6%	Decline	4.7%	Substance use (Alcohol/Dr		Daultt to tolu	_	Don't think i		32.3%
4	More than 1 job	4.1%	3.1%	Race		Affordable health care	37.5%	Don't want to take pill every day	<sup>a</sup> 40.3%	necessary fo	r them	32.370
	Disabled Student	9.5% 9.0%	14.1% 7.8%	White	50.0%	History of being arrested o	rin	pili every day		Medication	side	25.8%
	Retired	9.6%	4.7%	Black	51.6%	jail/prison	37.5%	Don't think it's		effects		23.070
				Native	2.40/	Dating Apps		necessary for them	35.5%	Don't believe	e PEP	25.8%
lacksquare	HIV Status			Hawaiian/ Islander	3.1%	Facebook	56.8%			works		
	Positive Negative	20.6% 62.1%	34.4% 54.7%	Asian	1.6%	Grindr	54.1%	Barriers to starting		ing HIV care		
	Don't Know	12.3%	9.4%	American	1.0/0	Tinder	48.6%	Don't want anyone				73.0%
	Receiving Care	91.9%	90.9%	Indian/Alaska	1.6%	Jack'd	27.0%	Lack of affordable l				61.9%
	Stopped/Paused	21.2%	40.0%	Native		eHarmony	18.9%	Don't know where		treated		49.2%
	Care	Z1.Z/0	40.0%	Other	1.6%	SCRUFF	18.9%	Medication side ef				34.9%
								Don't believe the r	esuit			33.3%

	2502011050			Zip Code			Personal barriers		Ways to reduce	HIV			
	RESPONSES	ALL	N=57	46283 46203	54.4% 7.0%	_	Partner violence (physical,	100.0%	Condom use/pract	ice safe sex		6:	1.4%
	_			46227	7.0%	$\dashv$	sexual, or psychological harm)		HIV testing			56	6.1%
	Age 19 & under	4.2%	5.3%	46202	3.5%	$\dashv$	Mental health	50.9%	HIV treatment			42	2.1%
	20-34	36.7%	26.3%	46208	3.5%	┪	Affordable childcare Affordable health care	33.3%	PrEP (HIV prevention	on medicatio	n)		2.1%
111	35-44	18.4%	24.6%	46219	3.5%		Affordable housing	33.3%	Sexual health educ			33	3.3%
	45-54 55 & over	16.1% 22.7%	22.8%	46222	3.5%		Substance use (Alcohol/Drugs)	28.1%	Barriers to gettin	σ an HIV te	ct		
0	33 & 0Vei	22.770	17.5%	46285	3.5%	_			Not comfortable as			test	66.1%
Z	Sexual			Gender I	dentity		Programs that would benef	it me	Fear of the result	, and then de			57.1%
	Orientation			Male	50.9	2%	Assistance with paying for health care	71.9%	real of the result				37.170
щ	Bisexual	9.4%	14.0%	Female	26.3		Training medical providers to		Don't want others	to know you	are getting test	ed	50.0%
	Gay or lesbian Straight/Hetero	28.0% 50.5%	19.3% 49.1%	Trans M to		_	effectively deal with people	42.1%	Lack of affordable l	health care			44.6%
	Queer/sexually	3.3%	3.5%	Trans F to	M 1.8	%	from different cultures		Cost				35.7%
	fluid			Questioni	ng 3.5	%	Efforts to eliminate racism	38.6%					
	Pansexual Questioning	2.4% 1.5%	5.3% 5.3%	Non-binar		_	Training medical providers to	00.00/	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to F	PEP	
	Questioning	1.570	3.570	Gender flu		_	treat a whole person, taking into account past trauma	38.6%	No money to pay	a= ==/	No money to		
~	Employment			Other	3.5	%	· ·	+	for it or follow up visits/test	65.5%	for it or follov	v up	78.2%
	Full-time	44.8%	42.1%	Ethnicity			Affordable housing options/Vouchers/Assistance	36.8%	Don't know where		visits/test Don't know w	horo	
Ш	Part-time Un/Under-	11.7% 17.9%	10.5% 14.0%	Non-Hispa	nic 51.8	3%			to get PrEP	50.9%	to get PEP	nere	45.5%
Z	employed	17.5%	14.070	Hispanic	28.3	_	Barriers for others		Don't want	49.1%	Don't want	$\neg$	
	Self-employed	6.9%	5.3%	Decline	21.3	-	No job/Low pay/Need to work more than one job	40.4%	people to know	49.1%	people to kno	w	45.5%
	More than 1 job Disabled	4.1%	10.5% 8.8%	Race			Affordable Housing	38.6%	Don't want to		Lack of		43.6%
	Student	9.5% 9.0%	14.0%	White	47.4	1%		_	take a pill every	30.9%	transportation	n	43.0%
	Retired	9.6%	7.0%	Black	17.5	_	Mental health	38.6%	day Lack of		Can't get time	e off	22 70/
PA				Native		Н	Affordable health care	33.3%	transportation	30.9%	work		32.7%
	HIV Status	20.60/	24.40/	Hawaiian/	5.3	%	Poverty	33.3%					
	Positive Negative	20.6% 62.1%	21.1% 43.9%	Islander			Dating Apps		Barriers to starting		ng HIV care		
	Don't Know	12.3%	28.1%	Asian	12.3	3%		0.0%	Lack of affordable				46.4%
	Receiving Care	91.9%	91.7%	American	.			0.0%	Don't want anyone		traatad	-+	46.4%
	Stopped/Paused	21.2%	36.4%	Indian/Ala	ska 5.3	%		15.5% 16.4%	Don't know where Lack of transportat			-+	42.9% 37.5%
	Care			Native	10	0/		31.8%	Medication side ef		itinents	-+	33.9%
		I		Other	1.8	%	Criainiony	1.0/0	caication side ei				55.570

	DECDONICES	411	N. 202	46283 10.6% Menta	Personal barriers		Ways to reduce	HIV				
32	RESPONSES	ALL	N=283	46283	10.6%	Mental health	100.0%	Condom use/pract	ice safe sex		79	.4%
35.	_			46203	8.5%	Affordable health care	51.9%	HIV testing			74	.1%
	<b>Age</b> 19 & under	4.2%	6.0%	46205	6.0%	Affordable housing	44.5%	Sexual health educ	ation		60	0.3%
	20-34	36.7%	39.9%	46201	5.7%	Discrimination because of	25.8%	PrEP (HIV prevention		on)		0.2%
	35-44	18.4%	19.1%	46202	4.2%	sexual orientation  No job/Low pay/Need to work	+-	HIV treatment		, i	55	5.7%
	45-54 55 & over	16.1% 22.7%	17.3%	46219	4.2%	more than one job	25.8%	Barriers to gettin	g an HIV te	ost		$\overline{}$
I	33 & Over	22.770	15.9%	Gender Ide	ntity	Programs that would bene	fit me	Fear of the result	S all this to			82.1%
	Sexual			Male	54.1%	Assistance with paying for	59.4%	Don't want others	to know you	are getting test	ed	70.3%
	<b>Orientation</b> Bisexual	9.4%	13.4%	Female	33.6%	health care	39.4%	Not comfortable as	sking their do	octor for an HIV	test	62.0%
	Gay or lesbian	28.0%	32.5%	Trans M to F	3.2%	Help finding mental health	56.2%	Lack of affordable I				51.3%
	Straight/Hetero	50.5%	41.0%	Trans F to M	1.8%	programs Affordable housing	+-	Don't know where	to go to get	an HIV test		42.3%
ш	Queer/sexually fluid	3.3%	4.2%	Questioning	1.1%	options/Vouchers/Assistance	51.6%				\F.D.	
	Pansexual	2.4%	3.2%	Non-binary	2.8%	Training medical providers to		Barriers to PrEP No money to pay		Barriers to F	'EP	
	Questioning	1.5%	2.5%	Gender fluid		treat a whole person, taking	45.9%	it or follow up	75.2%	Don't know	050	72.3%
	Employment			Other	0.7%	into account past trauma	+1	visits/test		where to get		
D	Full-time	44.8%	43.8%	Ethnicity		Efforts to eliminate racism	39.1%	Don't know where	67.9%	No money to it or follow up		77.7%
	Part-time	11.7%	13.8%	Non-Hispani	c 78.8%	Barriers for others		to get PrEP		visits/test	'	11.170
	Un/Under- employed	17.9%	17.0%	Hispanic	12.7%	Affordable health care	60.9%	Don't want to take a pill every	50.4%	Don't want		50.40/
	Self-employed	6.9%	7.8%	Decline	8.1%	Affordable Housing	51.6%	day	30.470	people to kno	w	50.4%
Ш	More than 1 job Disabled	4.1% 9.5%	3.5% 11.0%	Race		Mental health	45.9%	Don't think it's		Don't think PE	- 1	
7	Student	9.0%	12.7%	White	58.3%	Discrimination because of race	43.4%	necessary for	42.7%	necessary for them		33.6%
	Retired	9.6%	6.0%	Black	30.0%	Access to enough food on a	42.0%	them Don't want		Medication si	de	
	LUN/ Chahua			Native	(	regular basis	1 1 2 1 2	people to know	41.6%	effects	uc	30.3%
	HIV Status Positive	20.6%	24.7%	Hawaiian/ Islander	2.5%	Dating Apps			a a / a a matinu	ing IIIV sava		
	Negative	62.1%	56.5%	Asian	3.5%	Grindr	53.5%	Barriers to startin		ing HIV care		76.7%
	Don't Know	12.3%	15.9%	American	1 3.570	Tinder	12.9%	Don't want anyone				69.9%
	Receiving Care	91.9%	91.4%	Indian/Alask	a 2.8%	Facebook	12.4%	Don't know where		treated		50.2%
	Stopped/Paused	21.2%	29.2%	Native		SCRUFF :	33.5%	Medication side eff	fects			45.5%
	Care			Other	4.6%	Bumble	24.7%	Lack of transportat	ion to appoi	ntments		43.4%

	DECDONICES	Zip Codes		s	Personal barriers		Ways to reduce	HIV				
	RESPONSES	ALL	N=442	46283	16.1%	Affordable housing	68.3%	Condom use/pract	ice safe sex		76	5.2%
	A = 0			46203	8.4%	Affordable health care	51.4%	HIV testing			64	1.4%
	<b>Age</b> 19 & under	4.2%	4.8%	46202	6.6%	Access to enough food on	a 40.0%	PrEP (HIV prevention	on medicati	on)	50	0.3%
	20-34	36.7%	38.9%	46205	5.7%	regular basis		Sexual health educ	ation		50	0.3%
	35-44 45-54	18.4%	19.2%	46201	5.0%	Mental health	39.8%	HIV treatment			46	5.0%
	45-54 55 & over	16.1% 22.7%	16.3% 18.6%	46254	5.0%	Discrimination because of	race 31.9%	Barriers to gettin	g an HIV t	est		
		·	10.070					Fear of the result				78.1%
	Sexual			Gender Id	lentity	Programs that would b	enefit me	Don't want others	to know yοι	are getting test	ed	71.2%
$\mathbf{m}$	Orientation	0.40/	40.20/	Male	56.3%	Affordable housing	63.8%	Not comfortable as		octor for an HIV	test	55.3%
	Bisexual Gay or lesbian	9.4% 28.0%	10.2% 28.5%	Female	34.6%	options/Vouchers/Assista	nce 03.8%	Lack of affordable				42.7%
Q	Straight/Hetero	50.5%	50.0%	Trans M to	F 2.3%	Assistance with paying for	61.8%	Don't know where	to go to get	an HIV test		38.4%
	Queer/sexually	3.3%	2.0%	Trans F to	M 1.6%	health care	01.8%	Cost				38.4%
	fluid	2 40/	2.70/	Questionin		Food assistance programs	46.9%	Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to I	PEP	
	Pansexual Questioning	2.4% 1.5%	2.7% 1.8%	Non-binary		Efforts to eliminate racisn	n 39.1%	No money to pay		No money to	pay	
	Questioning	1.570	1.070	Gender flu				for it or follow up	71.5%	for it or follow	v up	71.7%
	Employment			Other	0.7%	Job placement programs	38.9%	visits/test		visits/test		
10	Full-time	44.8%	39.4%	Ethnicity				Don't know where	66.1%	Don't know w	here	71.0%
<b>O</b> )	Part-time	11.7%	13.6%	Non-Hispa	nic 73.3%	Barriers for others		to get PrEP		to get PEP		
	Un/Under- employed	17.9%	21.9%	Hispanic	18.1%	Affordable Housing	58.1%	Don't want people to know	43.7%	Don't want		52.1%
	Self-employed	6.9%	7.5%	Decline	8.6%	Affordable health care	54.7%	Don't think PrEP is		people to kno		
	More than 1 job	4.1%	4.1%	Race	9.0.1	Access to enough food on	а	necessary for	41.8%	necessary for	- 1	34.1%
ш	Disabled Student	9.5% 9.0%	11.5% 8.8%	White	43.0%	regular basis	47.1%	them		them		
	Retired	9.6%	7.7%	Black	39.8%	Discrimination because of	race 44.2%	Don't want to		Medication si	do	
		2.2,1	,-	Native	33.070	Affordable childcare	38.4%	take a pill every	41.1%	effects	ue	31.8%
	HIV Status			Hawaiian/	4.3%	Dating Apps		day		errects		
	Positive	20.6%	26.2%	Islander		Grindr	60.4%	Barriers to starti	ng/continu	ing HIV care		
(0)	Negative Don't Know	62.1% 12.3%	57.9% 11.5%	Asian	4.1%			Lack of affordable	health care			71.7%
		91.9%	90.5%	American		Tinder	54.7%	Don't want anyone				63.2%
<b>Q</b>	Receiving Care			Indian/Alas	ska 4.1%	Facebook	50.7%	Don't know where		treated		52.1%
m	Stopped/Paused Care	21.2%	24.5%	Native		Scruff	30.2%	Medication side ef				43.6%
	Care			Other	4.8%	Jack'd	29.3%	Lack of transportat	ion to appo	intments		41.1%

	DECDONICES		N 00	46283 11.2% Si			Personal barriers		Ways to reduce HIV				
	RESPONSES	ALL	N=98	46283	11.2%	6	Substance use (Alcohol/Drug	s) 100.0%	Condom use/practice s	safe sex		77.6	5%
TE				46201	7.1%		Mental health	56.1%	HIV testing			69.4	<b>!</b> %
	Age			46205	7.1%		Affordable housing	40.8%	PrEP (HIV prevention n	nedicatio	n)	54.1	.%
4	19 & under 20-34	4.2% 36.7%	7.1% 27.6%	46202	6.1%		Affordable health care	39.8%	HIV treatment			51.0	)%
	35-44	18.4%	16.3%	46203	6.1%		Discrimination because of		Sexual health educatio	n		45.9	)%
	45-54	16.1%	25.5%	46241	6.1%		sexual orientation	26.5%					
	55 & over	22.7%	20.4%					fit was	Barriers to getting a	n HIV te	st		
-				Gender Id	dentity		Programs that would bene	ent me	Fear of the result				82.5%
	Sexual Orientation			Male	59	.2%	Affordable housing options/Vouchers/Assistance	54.1%	Don't want others to k	now you	are getting tested		72.2%
ш	Bisexual	9.4%	13.3%	Female		0.6%		+	Not comfortable asking	g their do	ctor for an HIV te	st	54.6%
	Gay or lesbian	28.0%	30.6%	Trans M to	F 2.	.0%	Assistance with paying for health care	54.1%	Don't think it's necessa	iry			43.3%
	Straight/Hetero	50.5%	45.9%	Trans F to	M 1.	.0%		+	Don't know where to g	o to get a	an HIV test		39.2%
	Queer/sexually fluid	3.3%	3.1%	Questionin	ng 3.	.1%	Food assistance programs	46.9%					39.270
	Pansexual	2.4%	1.0%	Gender Flu	uid 1.	.0%	Training medical providers to		Barriers to PrEP		Barriers to PE	P	
Ш	Questioning	1.5%	2.0%	Non-binary	y 2.	.0%	treat a whole person, taking	45.9%	Don't know where to		Don't know who	ere to	00/
				Other	1.	.0%	into account past trauma	$\perp$	get PrEP	70.2%	get PEP		75.8%
	<b>Employment</b> Full-time	44.00/	36.7%	Ethnicity			Help finding substance		No money to pay for		No money to pa	y for	
Z	Part-time	44.8% 11.7%	15.3%				abuse/Harm reduction	42.9%	PrEP medications or		PEP medication		70.5%
	Un/Under-	17.9%	19.4%	Non-Hispa	_	.7%	programs	$\perp$	follow up visits/test	66.0%	follow up visits/	test	
TA	employed			Hispanic	_	).2%	Barriers for others		Don't want people to		Don't want peo	ple to	45.3%
	Self-employed More than 1 job	6.9% 4.1%	14.3% 4.1%	Decline	6.	.1%	Access to enough food on a	51.5%	know	41.5%	know		43.370
S	Disabled	9.5%	9.2%	Race			regular basis	$\perp$	Don't think PrEP is		Don't think PEP		36.8%
$\mathbf{\Omega}$	Student	9.0%	12.2%	White		.2%	Affordable Housing	50.5%	necessary for them	40.4%	necessary for th	em	30.070
	Retired	9.6%	9.2%	Black	29	.6%	Affordable health care	45.4%	Don't want to take a		Lack of transpo	tation	31.6%
	_			Native			Affordable childcare	39.2%	pill every day	39.4%	Edek er transper	tation	32.070
S	HIV Status Positive	20.6%	27.6%	Hawaiian/	3.	.1%	Mental health	36.1%	Danniana ta atantian/			_	
	Negative	62.1%	56.1%	Islander		00/	Dating Apps		Barriers to starting/		ng HIV care	<u> </u>	74.20/
	Don't Know	12.3%	12.2%	Asian	<del>  2.</del>	.0%	Grindr	64.9%	Don't want anyone to l			_	74.2% 50.8%
	Receiving Care	91.9%	88.9%	American Indian/Alas	cka la	.0%	Tinder	56.1%	Don't know where to g		troated	_	64.6%
	Stopped/Paused	21.2%	45.8%	Native	oka   2.	.0%	Facebook	52.6%	Don't believe treatmer			_	35.1%
	Care		.0.0,0	Other			Jack'd	35.1% 35.1%	Don't believe the resul		Ρ	_	36.1%
				Julei			SCRUFF	33.1%	Don't believe the resul	ι			O.170

	DECDONICES	ALL	N=60	Zip Codes		Personal barriers		Ways to reduce HIV				
(5)	RESPONSES			46283	28.3%	Immigration status	100.0%	Condom use/practice safe sex				73.3%
				46222 11.7%		Discrimination because or		HIV testing	• •			51.7%
	Age 19 & under	4.2%	6.7%	46224	11.7%	Affordable health care	35.0%	Sexual health education				46.7%
	20-34	36.7%	48.3%	46236 5.0%		Mental health	31.7%	PrEP (HIV prevention medication)				43.3%
	35-44	18.4%	23.3%			Access to enough food or	1 a 28.3%	HIV treatment		,		41.7%
W	45-54 55 & over	16.1% 22.7%	6.7%	46268	5.0%	regular basis	26.376					
	33 & OVEI	22./70	10.0%	46285 5.0%		Programs that would b	Barriers to getting an HIV test  Don't want others to know you are getting tested 70.0%					
7	Sexual	9.4%	11.7%	Constant	da a stra					70.0%		
	<b>Orientation</b> Bisexual			Gender Identity		Assistance with paying for	71.2%	Fear of the result		63.3%		
				Male	43.3%	health care		Not comfortable asking	/ test	50.0%		
7	Gay or lesbian Straight/Hetero	28.0% 50.5%	13.3% 56.7%	Female 48.3% Trans M to F 1.7% Trans F to M Questioning Non-binary 5.0%		Efforts to eliminate racism	49.2%	Cost				45.0%
	Queer/sexually	3.3%	3.3%				-	Don't know where to go to get an HIV test				36.7%
S	fluid					Affordable housing	44.1%	Don't think it's necessary 36.7%				
	Pansexual Questioning	2.4% 1.5%	6.7%			options/Vouchers/Assista	nce 1112/0	Barriers to PrEP Barriers to PEP				$\overline{}$
	Questioning	1.570		Other		Job placement programs	40.7%	No money to pay for		No money to		
	Employment							PrEP medications or	72.9%	PEP medicat	ions or	58.6%
9	Full-time	44.8%	46.7%	Ethnicity		Training medical provider		follow up visits/test		follow up vis	its/test	$\perp$
	Part-time Un/Under-	11.7% 17.9%	20.0% 13.3%	Non-Hispa	nic 26.7%	effectively deal with peop from different cultures	ne 39.0%	Don't know where to	69.5%	Don't know	where to	56.9%
	employed	17.570			58.3%	Hom different cultures		get PrEP		get PEP		30.976
V	Self-employed	6.9%	1.7%	Decline	15.0%	Barriers for others		Don't want people to	52.5%	Don't want p	people to	56.9%
0	More than 1 job Disabled	4.1% 9.5%	8.3% 3.3%	Race		Discrimination because of		know		know		30.976
75	Student	9.0%	10.0%	White	40.0%	Immigration status	50.0%	Don't want to take a pill every day	45.8%	Don't think F		43.1%
U	Retired	9.6%	6.7%	Black	25.0%	Affordable health care Affordable Housing	48.3%	Don't think PrEP is		necessary fo Scheduling a		+
				Native		Poverty	38.3%	necessary for them	32.2%	appointmen		31.0%
5	HIV Status Positive	20.6%	11.7%	Hawaiian/	3.3%		30.370					
	Negative	62.1%	61.7%	Islander Asian 8.3%		Dating Apps		Barriers to starting/continuing HIV care				
<b>V</b>	Don't Know	12.3%	18.3%			Facebook	69.6%	Don't want anyone to know				55.0%
	Receiving Care	91.9%	85.7%	American Indian/Ala	ska 1.7%	Tinder Grindr	47.8% 39.1%	Lack of affordable health care				50.0%
	Stopped/Paused	21.2%		Native 1.7%		Bumble	39.1%	Don't know where to go to get treated  Medication side effects				16.7%
	Care			Other 6.7%		OkCupid	26.1%	Lack of transportation to appointments			38.3%	